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## Genome sequencing and annotation of *Aeromonas* sp. HZM

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## Data in Brief

Genome sequencing and annotation of *Aeromonas* sp. HZMPatric Chua <sup>\*</sup>, Zi Mei Har, Christopher M. Austin, Catherine M. Yule, Gary A. Dykes, Sui Mae Lee

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## ABSTRACT

We report the draft genome sequence of *Aeromonas* sp. strain HZM, isolated from tropical peat swamp forest soil. The draft genome size is 4,451,364 bp with a G + C content of 61.7% and contains 10 rRNA sequences (eight copies of 5S rRNA genes, single copy of 16S and 23S rRNA each). The genome sequence can be accessed at DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank under the accession no. JEMQ00000000.

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Specifications	
Organism/cell line/tissue	<i>Aeromonas</i> sp.
Strain(s)	HZM
Sequencer or array type	Sequencer; Illumina MiSeq
Data format	Processed
Experimental factors	Microbial strains
Experimental features	Draft genome sequence of <i>Aeromonas</i> sp. HZM, assembly and annotation
Consent	N/A
Sample source location	Tropical peat swamp in Pekan, Pahang, Malaysia

## 1. Direct link to deposited data

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/bioproject/236450>.

## 2. Experimental design, materials and methods

*Aeromonas* sp. strain HZM is a Gram negative, rod-shaped bacterium isolated from a soil sample taken at 50 cm depth in Pekan tropical peat swamp forest in Pahang, Malaysia. The isolate was acquired through a series of cellulose-enrichment steps followed by culture-plating on Sizova's minimal salt media [1] with carboxymethyl-cellulose (CMC) as the sole carbon source.

Genomic DNA was extracted from overnight cultures using the GF-1 nucleic acid extraction kit (Vivantis, Malaysia) according to the manufacturer's protocol, and subsequently sequenced using an Illumina MiSeq sequencer (150-bp paired-end reads). Raw reads were trimmed

and assembled de novo using CLC Genomics Workbench 6 (CLC Bio, Denmark) to obtain 121 contigs with a total length of 4,451,364 bp (87-fold coverage,  $N_{50} = 82,273$  bp). Predictions using tRNAscan 1.2 [2] and RNAmmer 1.2 [3] revealed 131 tRNAs, 8 copies of 5S rRNA, and a single copy for 16S rRNA and 23S rRNA, respectively. The G + C content for the draft genome is 61.7%.

Functional annotation of the genome sequences was performed using the Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (KEGG) available at the Rapid Annotation using Subsystems Technology (RAST) server [4] and resulted in a total of 4072 protein-coding genes for *A. sp.* HZM being identified (Fig. 1). A gene encoding endoglucanase (EC 3.2.1.4) and four  $\beta$ -glucosidase (EC 3.2.1.21) genes identified in the starch and sucrose metabolism subsystem may be responsible for the observed cellulose-degrading capabilities in strain HZM. Neither exoglucanase (EC 3.2.1.91) nor any xylan-degrading enzyme (EC 3.2.1.8 and EC 3.2.1.37) genes were identified, indicating a possible narrow preference and/or dependence on amorphous cellulose as a carbon source. Given its cellulolytic ability and location deep in the peat substrate it is likely that strain HZM is a dedicated degrader of plant detritus. However, eight hemolysin associated genes were also identified, suggesting the potential for an alternative pathway for nutrient acquisition as well as a potentially pathogenic nature that has been associated with other members of this genus [5,6].

Comparison of genome sequences made using the RAST server revealed the closest neighbors as *Aeromonas veronii* AMC34 (score 514) and 3 strains of *Aeromonas hydrophila*: strain SSU (score 415), strain ATCC 7966 (score 405), and strain SNUFPC-A8 (score 404). On the other hand, analysis of the complete 16S rRNA sequence in EzTaxon server (<http://www.ezbiocloud.net/eztaxon>; [7]) under default settings (with matches only against cultured strains) identified *Aeromonas*

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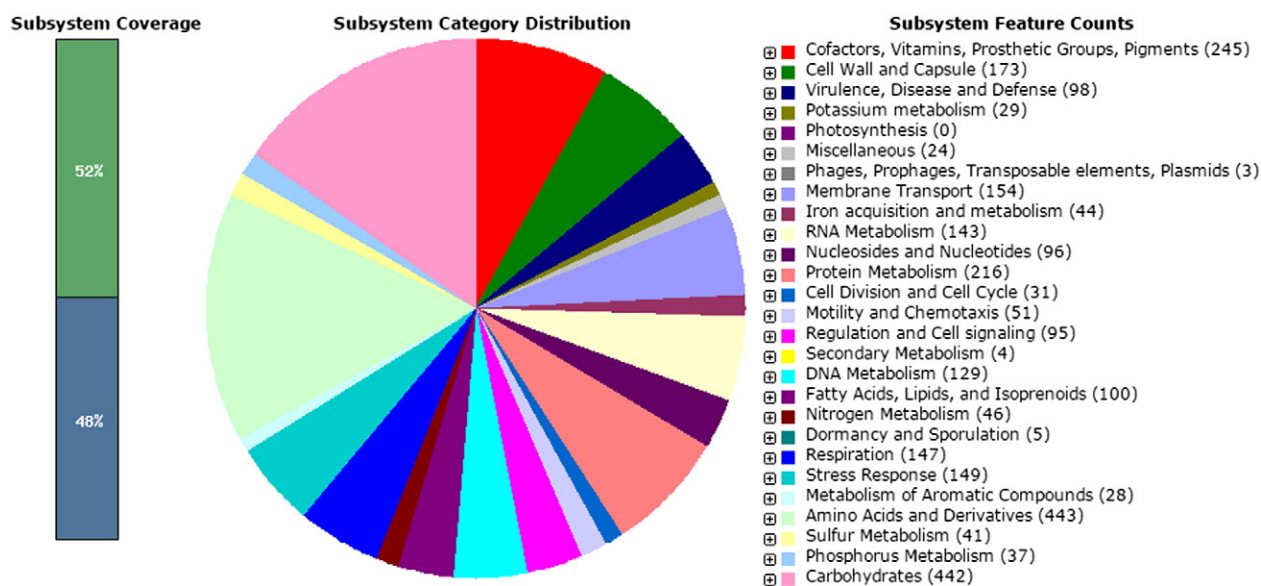


Fig 1. Subsystem distribution of *Aeromonas* sp. strain HZM (based on RAST annotation server).

*punctata* subsp. *caviae* (pairwise similarity of 99.52%) as the most closely related species, followed by *A. punctata* subsp. *punctata* (99.40%), *A. hydrophila* subsp. *ranae* (99.39%) and *A. hydrophila* subsp. *hydrophila* (99.33%). This is also evident in the genome-to-genome distance calculator 2.0 (GGDC) analyses provided by DSMZ (<http://ggdc.dsmz.de>; [8]), which yielded DDH values >80% for multiple *A. caviae* strains. Overall the various *in silico* results confirmed that the present environmental isolate is a member of the genus *Aeromonas*, though further characterization work is required to determine its species.

### 3. Nucleotide sequence accession number

The *Aeromonas* sp. HZM whole genome shotgun project has been deposited at DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank under the accession no. JEMQ00000000.

### Conflict of interest

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interests on the work published in this paper.

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